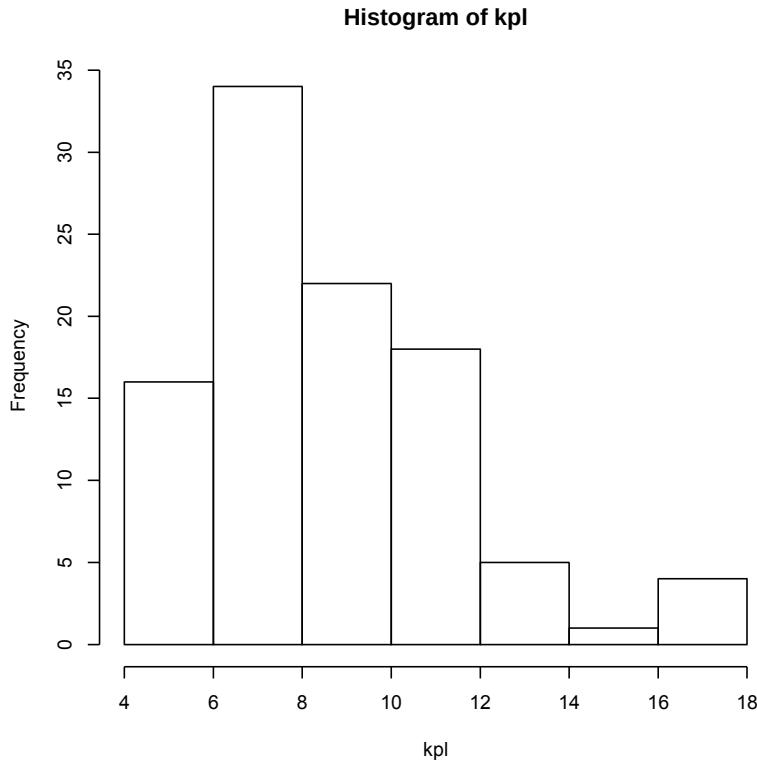


Bootstrap Regression with R

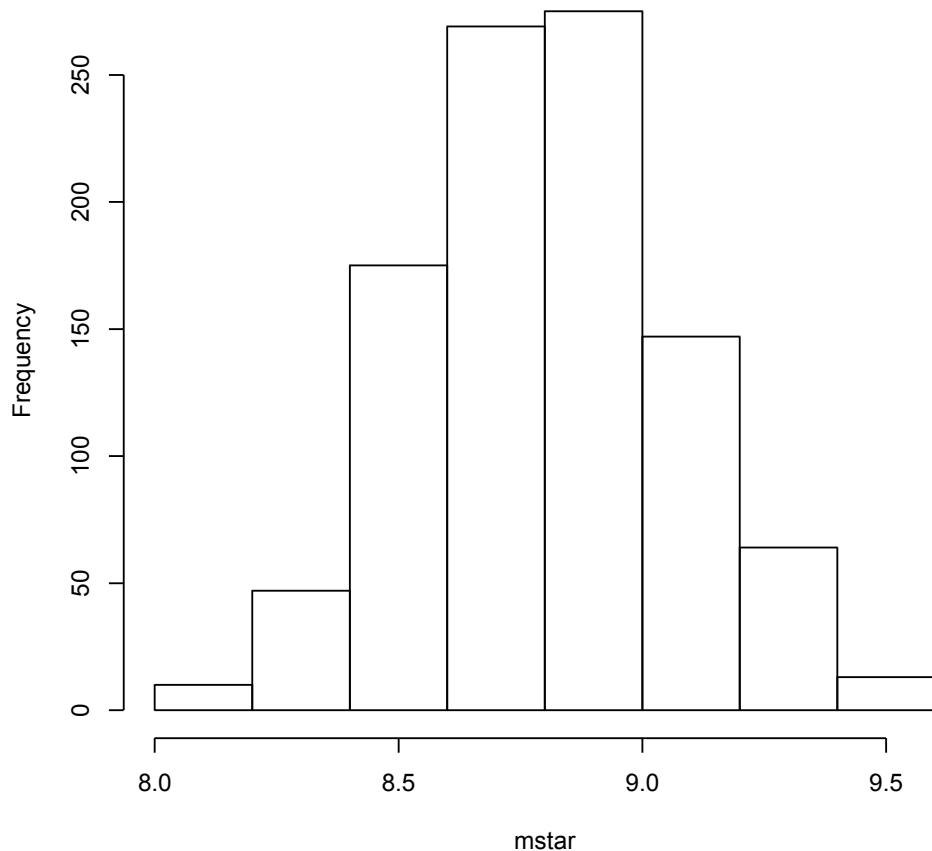
```
> # Bootstrap regression example
>
> kars = read.table("http://www.utstat.toronto.edu/~brunner/data/legal/mcars4.data.txt")
> kars[1:4,]
  Cntry   kpl weight length
1   US  5.04  2.1780  5.9182
2 Japan 10.08  1.0260  4.3180
3   US  9.24  1.1880  4.2672
4   US  7.98  1.4445  5.1054
> attach(kars) # Variables are now available by name
>
> # Before regression, a garden variety univariate bootstrap
> hist(kpl) # Right skewed
```



```
> # Small example for demonstration of R syntax
> set.seed(3244)
> x = kpl[1:10]; x
[1]  5.04 10.08  9.24  7.98  7.98  7.98  9.66  7.56  5.88 10.92
> n = length(x)
> # Sample of size n from the numbers 1:n, with replacement.
> choices = sample(1:n, size=n, replace=T); choices
[1]  2  7  5  1  4  6  9  8  4 10
> x(choices)
[1] 10.08  9.66  7.98  5.04  7.98  7.98  5.88  7.56  7.98 10.92
```

```
> # Now bootstrap the mean of kpl
> n = length(kpl); B = 1000
> mstar = NULL # mstar will contain bootstrap mean values
>
> for(draw in 1:B) mstar = c(mstar,mean(kpl[sample(1:n,size=n,replace=T)])))
> hist(mstar)
```

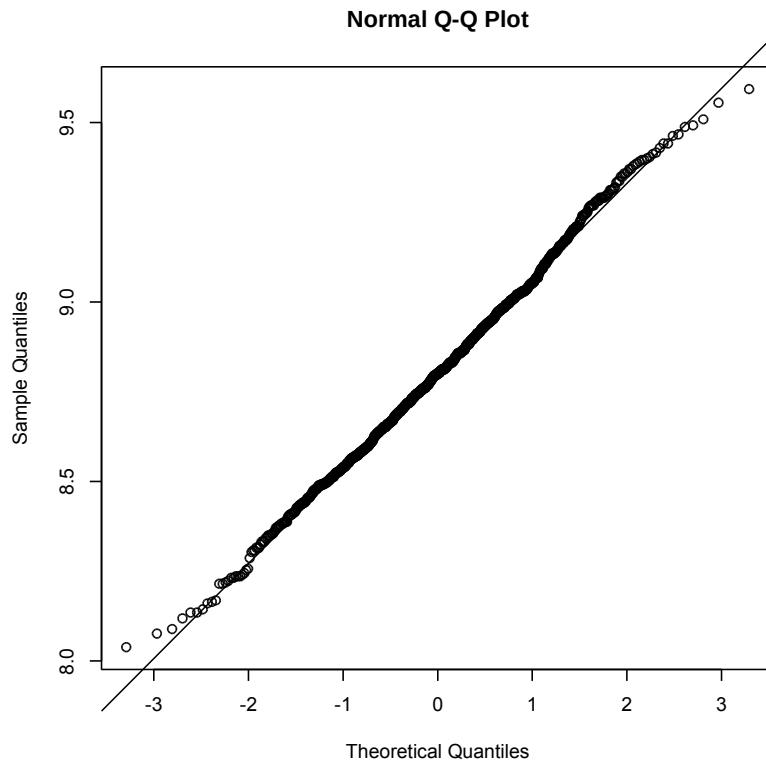
Histogram of mstar



```

> # Look at a normal qq plot. That's a plot of the order statistics against
> # the corresponding quantiles of the (standard) normal. Should be roughly linear
> # if the data are from a normal distribution.
> qqnorm(mstar); qqline(mstar)

```



```

> # Quantile bootstrap CI for mu. Use ONLY if the bootstrap distribution is symmetric.
> sort(mstar)[25]; sort(mstar)[975]
[1] 8.3034
[1] 9.3492
> # Compare the usual CI
> t.test(kpl)

```

One Sample t-test

```

data: kpl
t = 32.9363, df = 99, p-value < 2.2e-16
alternative hypothesis: true mean is not equal to 0
95 percent confidence interval:
 8.264966 9.324634
sample estimates:
mean of x
 8.7948

```

```

> # Now regression
> # Compute some polynomial terms
> wsq = weight^2; lsq = length^2; wl = weight*length
> # Bind it into a nice data frame
> datta = cbind(kpl,weight,length,wsq,lsq,wl)
> datta = as.data.frame(datta)
>
> model1 = lm(kpl ~ weight + length + wsq + lsq + wl, data=datta)
> summary(model1)

Call:
lm(formula = kpl ~ weight + length + wsq + lsq + wl, data = datta)

Residuals:
    Min      1Q  Median      3Q     Max 
-4.0861 -0.8702  0.0490  0.6898  4.4006 

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept)  79.124   29.121   2.717  0.00784 **  
weight       24.336   26.570   0.916  0.36204    
length      -33.764   19.350  -1.745  0.08427    
wsq          11.377   8.531   1.334  0.18556    
lsq          5.140    3.410   1.507  0.13508    
wl          -12.442   10.174  -1.223  0.22442    
---
Signif. codes:  0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

Residual standard error: 1.577 on 94 degrees of freedom
Multiple R-squared: 0.6689, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6513 
F-statistic: 37.98 on 5 and 94 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16

> betahat = coef(model1); betahat
(Intercept)      weight      length      wsq      lsq      wl      
 79.124214    24.336110   -33.763782    11.376646    5.139649   -12.442449 
>
> set.seed(3244)
> bstar = NULL # Rows of bstar will be bootstrap vectors of regression coefficients.
> n = length(kpl); B = 1000
> for(draw in 1:B)
+ {
+   # Randomly sample from the rows of datta, with replacement
+   Dstar = datta[sample(1:n,size=n,replace=T),]
+   model = lm(kpl ~ weight + length + wsq + lsq + wl, data=Dstar)
+   bstar = rbind( bstar,coef(model) )
+ } # Next draw
>
> bstar[1:5,]
  (Intercept)      weight      length      wsq      lsq      wl      
[1,]    64.73852   15.322187  -25.549389  14.378022  4.437351 -12.779138 
[2,]   270.35328  158.868074  -149.690584  26.298031 21.834487 -47.728186 
[3,]    30.97446   -0.156246   -7.492504 10.815623  1.853871  -7.490135 
[4,]  102.07061   48.638339  -50.062648 15.305469  7.844481 -19.669466 
[5,]    74.31620   -4.632140  -23.726771 -1.497523  2.162598   1.070870 
>

```

```

> Vb = var(bstar) # Approximate asymptotic covariance matrix of betahat
> Vb
      (Intercept)    weight    length     wsq     lsq      wl
(Intercept)  4009.5755  2805.7433 -2432.9272  403.57428  359.95762 -795.78318
weight       2805.7433  2337.0043 -1816.6783  434.68245  288.94772 -724.67663
length      -2432.9272 -1816.6783  1511.4557 -292.33275 -229.91599  534.81663
wsq         403.5743   434.6825 -292.3327  117.92217   52.99175 -158.04873
lsq         359.9576   288.9477 -229.9160   52.99175   36.19566 -89.15841
wl          -795.7832 -724.6766  534.8166 -158.04873 -89.15841  239.35661
>
> # Test individual coefficients. H0: betaj=0
> se = sqrt(diag(Vb)); Z = betahat/se
> rbind(betahat,se,Z)
      (Intercept)    weight    length     wsq     lsq      wl
betahat    79.124214 24.3361095 -33.7637822 11.376646  5.1396488 -12.4424491
se        63.321209 48.3425725  38.8774443 10.859198  6.0162826  15.4711541
Z         1.249569  0.5034095 -0.8684671  1.047651  0.8542898 -0.8042354

> # Now test the product terms all at once
>
> Wtest = function(L,Tn,Vn,h=0) # H0: L theta = h
+ # Note Vn is the estimated asymptotic covariance matrix of Tn,
+ # so it's Sigma-hat divided by n. For Wald tests based on numerical
+ # MLEs, Tn = theta-hat, and Vn is the inverse of the Hessian.
+
+ {
+   Wtest = numeric(3)
+   names(Wtest) = c("W", "df", "p-value")
+   r = dim(L)[1]
+   W = t(L%*%Tn-h) %*% solve(L%*%Vn%*%t(L)) %*%
+       (L%*%Tn-h)
+   W = as.numeric(W)
+   pval = 1-pchisq(W,r)
+   Wtest[1] = W; Wtest[2] = r; Wtest[3] = pval
+   Wtest
+ } # End function Wtest
>
> Lprod = rbind( c(0,0,0,1,0,0),
+                  c(0,0,0,0,1,0),
+                  c(0,0,0,0,0,1) )
> Wtest(Lprod,betahat,Vb)
      W      df  p-value
9.463393 3.000000 0.023724
>
>
> # Normal test for comparison
> model0 = lm(kpl ~ weight + length) # No product terms
> anova(model0,model1) # p = 0.0133
Analysis of Variance Table

Model 1: kpl ~ weight + length
Model 2: kpl ~ weight + length + wsq + lsq + wl
  Res.Df   RSS Df Sum of Sq    F Pr(>F)
1     97 261.81
2     94 233.72  3    28.095 3.7666 0.0133 *
---
Signif. codes:  0 '****' 0.001 '**' 0.01 '*' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1

```

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<http://www.utstat.toronto.edu/~brunner/oldclass/appliedf16>