

The Twins Data

Sherlock Holmes and the hat.

Long ago, there was more space in journals, and a journal called *Human Biology* used to publish raw data. The `twin data` contains educational test scores and physical measurements for a sample of high school age identical and fraternal twin pairs. Members of each twin pair were of the same sex. Except for a few cases where the parents were not sure, Twin One was born first and Twin Two was born second. The variables are:

1. SEX: 0=Male, 1=Female
2. IDENT: 0=Fraternal 1=Identical
3. PROGMAT1: Progressive matrices (puzzle) score for twin 1
4. REASON1: Reasoning score for twin 1
5. VERBAL1: Verbal (reading and vocabulary) score for twin 1
6. PROGMAT2: Progressive matrices (puzzle) score for twin 2
7. REASON2: Reasoning score for twin 2
8. VERBAL2: Verbal (reading and vocabulary) score for twin 2
9. HEADLNG1: Head Length of Twin 1
10. HEADBRD1: Head Breadth of Twin 1
11. HEADCIR1: Head Circumference of Twin 1
12. HEADLNG2: Head Length of Twin 2
13. HEADBRD2: Head Breadth of Twin 2
14. HEADCIR2: Head Circumference of Twin 2

This is a subset of the original data. Some variables like height and weight are not included. The reference is Clark, P. J., Vandenberg, S. G., and Proctor, C. H. (1961), "On the relationship of scores on certain psychological tests with a number of anthropometric characters and birth order in twins," *Human Biology*, **33**, 163-180.

We want to see if performance on the educational tests is related to head size.

```

/res/jbrunner/www/442/S > head smalltwin.dat
sex ident progm1 reason1 verbal1 progm2 reason2 verbal2 headlng1 headbrd1
headcir1 headlng2 headbrd2 headcir2
  1  1  1  48  53  66  35  42  61   183 140 522 188 138 535
  2  1  1  47  69  88  53  74  84   189 137 542 186 140 543
  3  1  1  35  68  92  42  61  86   185 145 549 186 140 550
  4  1  1  34  42  73  26  38  68   183 151 544 185 147 545
  5  1  1  49  71  95  38  72  97   174 145 534 186 143 543
  6  1  1  50  90 122  46  82 101   191 143 551 191 141 552
  7  1  1  25  30  42  28  37  43   184 143 511 186 143 535
  8  1  1  25  74  64  41  78  65   180 146 532 179 144 527
  9  1  1  23  19  52  23  36  59   193 146 560 191 145 551

```

```

/res/jbrunner/www/442/S > R

```

```

> twinframe <- read.table("smalltwin.dat")
> sex <- twinframe$sex ; ident <- twinframe$ident
> sexfac <- factor(twinframe$sex,levels=c(0,1),label=c("Male","Female"))
> identfac <- factor(twinframe$ident,levels=c(0,1),
+                   label=c("Fraternal","Identical"))
> table(sexfac,identfac)
      identfac
sexfac Fraternal Identical
  Male           13         21
  Female          20         20
> mental <- twinframe[,3:8] # All rows, cols 3 to 8
> phys <- twinframe[,9:14] # All rows, cols 9 to 14
> cor(mental,phys)
      headlng1  headbrd1  headcir1  headlng2  headbrd2  headcir2
progm1 0.1945786 0.02669260 0.2046808 0.2070390 0.09577333 0.2204541
reason1 0.1232977 0.03186775 0.2052615 0.0978289 0.04733736 0.1955942
verbal1 0.2259473 0.05372263 0.2452086 0.2132409 0.07487114 0.2333709
progm2 0.2863199 0.19917360 0.3128950 0.3446627 0.22308623 0.3739253
reason2 0.2127977 0.06950846 0.2767257 0.1226885 0.11543427 0.2521013
verbal2 0.2933130 0.16693928 0.3242051 0.2537764 0.22801336 0.3350497

>
> # But that's IGNORING sex and ident-frat. Want to CONTROL for them.

```

```

> n <- length(sex)
> mf <- (1:n)[sex==0&ident==0] # mf are indices of male fraternal pairs
> mi <- (1:n)[sex==0&ident==1] # mi are indices of male identical pairs
> ff <- (1:n)[sex==1&ident==0] # ff are indices of female fraternal pairs
> fi <- (1:n)[sex==1&ident==1] # fi are indices of female identical pairs

> mf
[1] 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74

> # Sub-sample sizes
> nmf <- length(mf) ; nmi <- length(mi)
> nff <- length(ff) ; nfi <- length(fi)
> nmf ; nmi ; nff ; nfi
[1] 13
[1] 21
[1] 20
[1] 20
> table(sexfac,identfac)
      identfac
sexfac Fraternal Identical
  Male      13      21
  Female    20      20

> # mentalmf are mental scores of male fraternal pairs, etc.
> mentalmf <- mental[mf,] ; physmf <- phys[mf,]
> mentalmi <- mental[mi,] ; physmi <- phys[mi,]
> mentalff <- mental[ff,] ; physff <- phys[ff,]
> mentalfi <- mental[fi,] ; physfi <- phys[fi,]

> mentalmf
  progm1 reason1 verbal1 progm2 reason2 verbal2
62      58      91     128      54      73     129
63      44      46      79      42      34      42
64      44      43      70      43      36      58
65      36      40      63      42      39      63
66      34      21      53      45      31      70
67      50      70      93      45      67     109
68      50      81     101      41      47      96

```

| | | | | | | |
|----|----|----|-----|----|----|-----|
| 69 | 31 | 76 | 122 | 43 | 70 | 75 |
| 70 | 23 | 29 | 62 | 26 | 29 | 42 |
| 71 | 52 | 66 | 114 | 42 | 69 | 120 |
| 72 | 48 | 51 | 62 | 30 | 35 | 49 |
| 73 | 23 | 48 | 78 | 38 | 62 | 87 |
| 74 | 28 | 38 | 62 | 55 | 70 | 105 |

> # First three rows

> mentalmf[1:3,]

| | progm1 | reason1 | verbal1 | progm2 | reason2 | verbal2 |
|----|--------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|
| 62 | 58 | 91 | 128 | 54 | 73 | 129 |
| 63 | 44 | 46 | 79 | 42 | 34 | 42 |
| 64 | 44 | 43 | 70 | 43 | 36 | 58 |

> # Last 3 columns

> mentalmf[,4:6]

| | progm2 | reason2 | verbal2 |
|----|--------|---------|---------|
| 62 | 54 | 73 | 129 |
| 63 | 42 | 34 | 42 |
| 64 | 43 | 36 | 58 |
| 65 | 42 | 39 | 63 |
| 66 | 45 | 31 | 70 |
| 67 | 45 | 67 | 109 |
| 68 | 41 | 47 | 96 |
| 69 | 43 | 70 | 75 |
| 70 | 26 | 29 | 42 |
| 71 | 42 | 69 | 120 |
| 72 | 30 | 35 | 49 |
| 73 | 38 | 62 | 87 |
| 74 | 55 | 70 | 105 |

> # Rows in random order

> mentalmf[sample(1:13),]

| | progm1 | reason1 | verbal1 | progm2 | reason2 | verbal2 |
|----|--------|---------|---------|--------|---------|---------|
| 71 | 52 | 66 | 114 | 42 | 69 | 120 |
| 73 | 23 | 48 | 78 | 38 | 62 | 87 |
| 66 | 34 | 21 | 53 | 45 | 31 | 70 |
| 69 | 31 | 76 | 122 | 43 | 70 | 75 |
| 65 | 36 | 40 | 63 | 42 | 39 | 63 |
| 68 | 50 | 81 | 101 | 41 | 47 | 96 |

```

64      44      43      70      43      36      58
70      23      29      62      26      29      42
62      58      91     128      54      73     129
63      44      46      79      42      34      42
74      28      38      62      55      70     105
67      50      70      93      45      67     109
72      48      51      62      30      35      49
>

```

That's how we'll randomize. Back to CONTROLLING for sex, ident.

```

> # mentalmf are mental scores of male fraternal pairs, etc.
> mentalmf <- mental[mf,] ; physmf <- phys[mf,]
> mentalmi <- mental[mi,] ; physmi <- phys[mi,]
> mentalff <- mental[ff,] ; physff <- phys[ff,]
> mentalfi <- mental[fi,] ; physfi <- phys[fi,]
>
> cor(mentalmf,physmf)
      headlng1  headbrd1  headcir1  headlng2  headbrd2  headcir2
progm1 0.3534186 -0.53715165 0.05247501 -0.1486551 -0.3335911 -0.2541279
reason1 0.4784903 -0.04435345 0.40868525 0.2009069 -0.1853897 0.1574282
verbal1 0.3333061 0.02578888 0.36744645 0.1507982 -0.1958353 0.1267843
progm2 0.5712273 -0.16389337 0.37080025 0.5622139 -0.1996214 0.4073323
reason2 0.4886337 0.38731941 0.63957418 0.4271557 0.2587126 0.6682264
verbal2 0.5278153 0.25599312 0.62836834 0.3403694 0.1966882 0.6113976
>
> # Don't want to correlate mental twin 1 with phys twin 2
>
> cor(mentalmf[,1:3],physmf[,1:3])
      headlng1  headbrd1  headcir1
progm1 0.3534186 -0.53715165 0.05247501
reason1 0.4784903 -0.04435345 0.40868525
verbal1 0.3333061 0.02578888 0.36744645
> max(abs(cor(mentalmf[,1:3],physmf[,1:3])))
[1] 0.5371517
>

```

```

> cor(mentalmf[,4:6],physmf[,4:6])
      headlng2  headbrd2  headcir2
progm2 0.5622139 -0.1996214 0.4073323
reason2 0.4271557 0.2587126 0.6682264
verbal2 0.3403694 0.1966882 0.6113976
> max(abs(cor(mentalmf[,4:6],physmf[,4:6])))
[1] 0.6682264
>
>
> cor(mentalmi[,1:3],physmi[,1:3])
      headlng1  headbrd1  headcir1
progm1 0.2334577 0.26536909 0.3193472
reason1 0.2622690 0.37549903 0.3534622
verbal1 0.4436284 0.06643773 0.3480645
> max(abs(cor(mentalmi[,1:3],physmi[,1:3])))
[1] 0.4436284
> cor(mentalmi[,4:6],physmi[,4:6])
      headlng2  headbrd2  headcir2
progm2 0.3645763 0.2537397 0.3699872
reason2 0.1682737 0.4212712 0.3873012
verbal2 0.1814358 0.1590209 0.2112241
> max(abs(cor(mentalmi[,4:6],physmi[,4:6])))
[1] 0.4212712
>
> cor(mentalff[,1:3],physff[,1:3])
      headlng1  headbrd1  headcir1
progm1 -0.09894825 0.1031112 0.1024857
reason1 0.10353527 0.1974691 0.2299249
verbal1 0.04068947 0.1458637 0.0710240
> max(abs(cor(mentalff[,1:3],physff[,1:3])))
[1] 0.2299249
> cor(mentalff[,4:6],physff[,4:6])
      headlng2  headbrd2  headcir2
progm2 -0.05058245 0.3809976 0.1205803
reason2 0.19569669 0.3570053 0.2617820
verbal2 0.24212501 0.3964967 0.2463883
> max(abs(cor(mentalff[,4:6],physff[,4:6])))
[1] 0.3964967

```

```

>
> cor(mentalfi[,1:3],physfi[,1:3])
      headlng1  headbrd1  headcir1
progm1 -0.01443227 -0.34580801 -0.004887716
reason1  0.15174745  0.04052029  0.304039946
verbal1  0.22504203 -0.01581501  0.341174647
> max(abs(cor(mentalfi[,1:3],physfi[,1:3])))
[1] 0.345808
> cor(mentalfi[,4:6],physfi[,4:6])
      headlng2  headbrd2  headcir2
progm2 0.4030654 -0.02036423 0.4244152
reason2 0.3233766  0.05661767 0.4178053
verbal2 0.2702130  0.15930201 0.4025376
> max(abs(cor(mentalfi[,4:6],physfi[,4:6])))
[1] 0.4244152
>
> # test sta will be absobs = 0.6682264
> obsmax <- max( c(
+       cor(mentalmf[,1:3],physmf[,1:3]),
+       cor(mentalmf[,4:6],physmf[,4:6]),
+       cor(mentalmi[,1:3],physmi[,1:3]),
+       cor(mentalmi[,4:6],physmi[,4:6]),
+       cor(mentalff[,1:3],physff[,1:3]),
+       cor(mentalff[,4:6],physff[,4:6]),
+       cor(mentalfi[,1:3],physfi[,1:3]),
+       cor(mentalfi[,4:6],physfi[,4:6]) ) )
>
> obsmax
[1] 0.6682264
>
> obsmin <- min( c(
+       cor(mentalmf[,1:3],physmf[,1:3]),
+       cor(mentalmf[,4:6],physmf[,4:6]),
+       cor(mentalmi[,1:3],physmi[,1:3]),
+       cor(mentalmi[,4:6],physmi[,4:6]),
+       cor(mentalff[,1:3],physff[,1:3]),
+       cor(mentalff[,4:6],physff[,4:6]),
+       cor(mentalfi[,1:3],physfi[,1:3]),

```

```

+           cor(mentalfi[,4:6],physfi[,4:6]) ) )
> obsmin
[1] -0.5371517
>
> absobs <- max(abs(obsmax),abs(obsmin)) # Test Statistic
> absobs
[1] 0.6682264
>
> ####
> # Here's how we'll sample. Recall mentalmf <- mental[mf,]
> ####
> mf
[1] 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74
> mentalmf
  progm1 reason1 verbal1 progm2 reason2 verbal2
62      58      91     128      54      73     129
63      44      46      79      42      34      42
64      44      43      70      43      36      58
65      36      40      63      42      39      63
66      34      21      53      45      31      70
67      50      70      93      45      67     109
68      50      81     101      41      47      96
69      31      76     122      43      70      75
70      23      29      62      26      29      42
71      52      66     114      42      69     120
72      48      51      62      30      35      49
73      23      48      78      38      62      87
74      28      38      62      55      70     105
> mental[sample(mf),]
  progm1 reason1 verbal1 progm2 reason2 verbal2
72      48      51      62      30      35      49
66      34      21      53      45      31      70
62      58      91     128      54      73     129
69      31      76     122      43      70      75
70      23      29      62      26      29      42
71      52      66     114      42      69     120
67      50      70      93      45      67     109
74      28      38      62      55      70     105

```

```

63      44      46      79      42      34      42
68      50      81     101      41      47      96
73      23      48      78      38      62      87
65      36      40      63      42      39      63
64      44      43      70      43      36      58
>
> rmentalmf <- mental[sample(mf),]
> rmentalmi <- mental[sample(mi),]
> rmentalff <- mental[sample(ff),]
> rmentalfi <- mental[sample(fi),]
>
> rcorrs <- c(
+       cor(rmentalmf[,1:3],physmf[,1:3]),
+       cor(rmentalmf[,4:6],physmf[,4:6]),
+       cor(rmentalmi[,1:3],physmi[,1:3]),
+       cor(rmentalmi[,4:6],physmi[,4:6]),
+       cor(rmentalff[,1:3],physff[,1:3]),
+       cor(rmentalff[,4:6],physff[,4:6]),
+       cor(rmentalfi[,1:3],physff[,1:3]),
+       cor(rmentalfi[,4:6],physff[,4:6]) )
>
> min(rcorrs) ; max(rcorrs)
[1] -0.5673855
[1] 0.5166834
> rmin <- NULL ; rmax <- NULL ; rabs <- NULL
>
> # Now simulate
> M <- 200 ; set.seed(4444)
> for(i in 1:M)
+   {
+     rmentalmf <- mental[sample(mf),]
+     rmentalmi <- mental[sample(mi),]
+     rmentalff <- mental[sample(ff),]
+     rmentalfi <- mental[sample(fi),]
+     rcorrs <- c(
+       cor(rmentalmf[,1:3],physmf[,1:3]),
+       cor(rmentalmf[,4:6],physmf[,4:6]),
+       cor(rmentalmi[,1:3],physmi[,1:3]),

```

```

+         cor(rmentalmi[,4:6],physmi[,4:6]),
+         cor(rmentalff[,1:3],physff[,1:3]),
+         cor(rmentalff[,4:6],physff[,4:6]),
+         cor(rmentalfi[,1:3],physff[,1:3]),
+         cor(rmentalfi[,4:6],physff[,4:6]) )
+   rmin <- c(rmin,min(rcorrs))
+   rmax <- c(rmax,max(rcorrs))
+   rabs <- c(rabs,max(abs(min(rcorrs)),abs(max(rcorrs))))
+ }
> cbind(rmin,rmax,rabs)[1:20,] # First 20 rows
      rmin      rmax      rabs
[1,] -0.6521097 0.6024060 0.6521097
[2,] -0.4410713 0.6091124 0.6091124
[3,] -0.5635999 0.3953340 0.5635999
[4,] -0.6655059 0.6937127 0.6937127
[5,] -0.5110777 0.3692450 0.5110777
[6,] -0.4513148 0.7600707 0.7600707
[7,] -0.3180858 0.5724620 0.5724620
[8,] -0.6258317 0.4013421 0.6258317
[9,] -0.4061387 0.5174977 0.5174977
[10,] -0.5004209 0.4688702 0.5004209
[11,] -0.6437074 0.3458846 0.6437074
[12,] -0.4065318 0.2945435 0.4065318
[13,] -0.6115288 0.5631299 0.6115288
[14,] -0.4709578 0.5452405 0.5452405
[15,] -0.6060098 0.6110585 0.6110585
[16,] -0.4220454 0.3177893 0.4220454
[17,] -0.3407132 0.5021933 0.5021933
[18,] -0.5861414 0.3645763 0.5861414
[19,] -0.6137978 0.4693924 0.6137978
[20,] -0.4509271 0.4157352 0.4509271
>
> length(rabs[rabs>=absobs])/M # Two sided
[1] 0.135
> length(rmin[rmin<=obsmin])/M # Lower tailed
[1] 0.395
> length(rmax[rmax>=obsmax])/M # Upper tailed
[1] 0.07

```

Now let's put the whole thing together. Make a file that just does the analysis and prints the results. How many simulations should we use? I'd like to make sure that \hat{P} is significantly different from 0.07, so I run

```
> findm
function(wantpow=.8,mstart=1,aa=0.05,pp=0.04,LL=0.01)
{
  pow <- 0
  mm <- mstart
  while(pow < wantpow)
  {
    mm <- mm+1
    pow <- randmpow(mm,aa,pp,LL)
  } # End while
  findm <- mm
  findm
} # End function findm
>
> findm(pp=.07)
[1] 1506
```

and choose $m = 1600$. First I'll show you the output, then a listing of the program `twins.R`.

```
> source("twins.R")
Male Fraternal
  Twin 1
      headlng1  headbrd1  headcir1
progm1 0.3534186 -0.53715165 0.05247501
reason1 0.4784903 -0.04435345 0.40868525
verbal1 0.3333061 0.02578888 0.36744645

  Twin 2
      headlng2  headbrd2  headcir2
progm2 0.5622139 -0.1996214 0.4073323
reason2 0.4271557 0.2587126 0.6682264
verbal2 0.3403694 0.1966882 0.6113976
```

Male Identical

Twin 1

| | headlng1 | headbrd1 | headcir1 |
|---------|-----------|------------|-----------|
| progm1 | 0.2334577 | 0.26536909 | 0.3193472 |
| reason1 | 0.2622690 | 0.37549903 | 0.3534622 |
| verbal1 | 0.4436284 | 0.06643773 | 0.3480645 |

Twin 2

| | headlng2 | headbrd2 | headcir2 |
|---------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| progm2 | 0.3645763 | 0.2537397 | 0.3699872 |
| reason2 | 0.1682737 | 0.4212712 | 0.3873012 |
| verbal2 | 0.1814358 | 0.1590209 | 0.2112241 |

Female Fraternal

Twin 1

| | headlng1 | headbrd1 | headcir1 |
|---------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| progm1 | -0.09894825 | 0.1031112 | 0.1024857 |
| reason1 | 0.10353527 | 0.1974691 | 0.2299249 |
| verbal1 | 0.04068947 | 0.1458637 | 0.0710240 |

Twin 2

| | headlng2 | headbrd2 | headcir2 |
|---------|-------------|-----------|-----------|
| progm2 | -0.05058245 | 0.3809976 | 0.1205803 |
| reason2 | 0.19569669 | 0.3570053 | 0.2617820 |
| verbal2 | 0.24212501 | 0.3964967 | 0.2463883 |

Female Identical

Twin 1

| | headlng1 | headbrd1 | headcir1 |
|---------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| progm1 | -0.01443227 | -0.34580801 | -0.004887716 |
| reason1 | 0.15174745 | 0.04052029 | 0.304039946 |
| verbal1 | 0.22504203 | -0.01581501 | 0.341174647 |

Twin 2

| | headlng2 | headbrd2 | headcir2 |
|---------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| progm2 | 0.4030654 | -0.02036423 | 0.4244152 |
| reason2 | 0.3233766 | 0.05661767 | 0.4178053 |
| verbal2 | 0.2702130 | 0.15930201 | 0.4025376 |

Correlations Between Mental and Physical

Minimum Observed Correlation: -0.5371517
Randomization p-value (one-sided): p-hat = 0.416875
Plus or minus 99% Margin of error = 0.03174979

Maximum Observed Correlation: 0.6682264
Randomization p-value (one-sided): p-hat = 0.10625
Plus or minus 99% Margin of error = 0.01984402

Maximum Observed Absolute Correlation: 0.6682264
Randomization p-value (two-sided): p-hat = 0.199375
Plus or minus 99% Margin of error = 0.02572806

And here is a listing of the program.

```
# twins.R
# Just do the analysis - no examples or explanation with source("twins.R")
twinframe <- read.table("smalltwin.dat")
sex <- twinframe$sex ; ident <- twinframe$ident
mental <- twinframe[,3:8] # All rows, cols 3 to 8
phys <- twinframe[,9:14] # All rows, cols 9 to 14
n <- length(sex)
mf <- (1:n)[sex==0&ident==0] # mf are indices of male fraternal pairs
mi <- (1:n)[sex==0&ident==1] # mi are indices of male identical pairs
ff <- (1:n)[sex==1&ident==0] # ff are indices of female fraternal pairs
fi <- (1:n)[sex==1&ident==1] # fi are indices of female identical pairs
# Sub-sample sizes
nmf <- length(mf) ; nmi <- length(mi)
nff <- length(ff) ; nfi <- length(fi)
# mentalmf are mental scores of male fraternal pairs, etc.
mentalmf <- mental[mf,] ; physmf <- phys[mf,]
mentalmi <- mental[mi,] ; physmi <- phys[mi,]
mentalff <- mental[ff,] ; physff <- phys[ff,]
mentalfi <- mental[fi,] ; physfi <- phys[fi,]

cat("Male Fraternal \n")
cat(" Twin 1 \n")
print(cor(mentalmf[,1:3],physmf[,1:3]))
```

```

cat(" Twin 2 \n")
print(cor(mentalmf[,4:6],physmf[,4:6]))
cat(" \n")

cat("Male Identical \n")
cat(" Twin 1 \n")
print(cor(mentalmi[,1:3],physmi[,1:3]))
cat(" Twin 2 \n")
print(cor(mentalmi[,4:6],physmi[,4:6]))
cat(" \n")

cat("Female Fraternal \n")
cat(" Twin 1 \n")
print(cor(mentalff[,1:3],physff[,1:3]))
cat(" Twin 2 \n")
print(cor(mentalff[,4:6],physff[,4:6]))
cat(" \n")

cat("Female Identical \n")
cat(" Twin 1 \n")
print(cor(mentalfi[,1:3],physfi[,1:3]))
cat(" Twin 2 \n")
print(cor(mentalfi[,4:6],physfi[,4:6]))
cat(" \n")

# test sta will be absobs = 0.6682264
# Keep track of minimum (neg corr: obsmin = -0.5371517) and max too.

obsmax <- max( c(
  cor(mentalmf[,1:3],physmf[,1:3]),
  cor(mentalmf[,4:6],physmf[,4:6]),
  cor(mentalmi[,1:3],physmi[,1:3]),
  cor(mentalmi[,4:6],physmi[,4:6]),
  cor(mentalff[,1:3],physff[,1:3]),
  cor(mentalff[,4:6],physff[,4:6]),
  cor(mentalfi[,1:3],physfi[,1:3]),
  cor(mentalfi[,4:6],physfi[,4:6]) ) )

```

```

obsmin <- min( c(
      cor(mentalmf[,1:3],physmf[,1:3]),
      cor(mentalmf[,4:6],physmf[,4:6]),
      cor(mentalmi[,1:3],physmi[,1:3]),
      cor(mentalmi[,4:6],physmi[,4:6]),
      cor(mentalff[,1:3],physff[,1:3]),
      cor(mentalff[,4:6],physff[,4:6]),
      cor(mentalfi[,1:3],physfi[,1:3]),
      cor(mentalfi[,4:6],physfi[,4:6])    )  )

absobs <- max(abs(obsmax),abs(obsmin)) # Test Statistic

rmin <- NULL ; rmax <- NULL ; rabs <- NULL
# Now simulate. Want p-hat sig diff from 0.07. Use findm(pp=.07), get
# 1506, so use m=1600

M <- 1600 ; set.seed(4444)
for(i in 1:M)
  {
    rmentalmf <- mental[sample(mf),]
    rmentalmi <- mental[sample(mi),]
    rmentalff <- mental[sample(ff),]
    rmentalfi <- mental[sample(fi),]
    rcorrs <- c(
      cor(rmentalmf[,1:3],physmf[,1:3]),
      cor(rmentalmf[,4:6],physmf[,4:6]),
      cor(rmentalmi[,1:3],physmi[,1:3]),
      cor(rmentalmi[,4:6],physmi[,4:6]),
      cor(rmentalff[,1:3],physff[,1:3]),
      cor(rmentalff[,4:6],physff[,4:6]),
      cor(rmentalfi[,1:3],physff[,1:3]),
      cor(rmentalfi[,4:6],physff[,4:6])    )
    rmin <- c(rmin,min(rcorrs))
    rmax <- c(rmax,max(rcorrs))
    rabs <- c(rabs,max(abs(min(rcorrs)),abs(max(rcorrs))))
  }

twot <- length(rabs[rabs>=absobs])/M # Two sided

```

```

lowt <- length(rmin[rmin<=obsmin])/M # Lower tailed
upt <- length(rmax[rmax>=obsmax])/M # Upper tailed

merror <- function(phat,M,alpha) # (1-alpha)*100% merror for a proportion
{
  z <- qnorm(1-alpha/2)
  merror <- z * sqrt(phat*(1-phat)/M) # M is (Monte Carlo) sample size
  merror
} # End function merror

cat("Correlations Between Mental and Physical \n")
cat(" \n") ; cat(" \n")
cat("      Minimum Observed Correlation: ",obsmin,"\n")
cat("      Randomization p-value (one-sided): p-hat = ",lowt," \n")
cat("      Plus or minus 99% Margin of error = ",merror(lowt,M,0.01),"\n")
cat(" \n")
cat("      Maximum Observed Correlation: ",obsmax,"\n")
cat("      Randomization p-value (one-sided): p-hat = ",upt," \n")
cat("      Plus or minus 99% Margin of error = ",merror(upt,M,0.01),"\n")
cat(" \n")
cat("      Maximum Observed Absolute Correlation: ",absobs,"\n")
cat("      Randomization p-value (two-sided): p-hat = ",twot," \n")
cat("      Plus or minus 99% Margin of error = ",merror(twot,M,0.01),"\n")
cat(" \n")

```

7.2 Bootstrap