

Name Jerry

Student Number _____

STA 312 f2023 Quiz 5

- MUST
be a
numerical
search,
or no
marks*
1. $\hat{\lambda}$ points) For Question 3 of Assignment 5, you obtained the maximum likelihood estimate of the parameter λ from an exponential distribution, *by a numerical search*. Write the number in the space below. On your printout, circle the number and write “Question 1” beside it. The code for the function definition and the numerical search must be shown.

$$\hat{\lambda} = 1.717107$$

2. \hat{V}_n points) Still for Question 3 of Assignment 5, you calculated an estimate of the asymptotic variance of $\hat{\lambda}$, *based on a numerical search*. Write the number in the space below. On your printout, circle the number and write “Question 2” beside it. The code for the function definition and the numerical search must be shown, as well as the number.

$$\hat{V}_n = 0.07371135$$

*If it's an 8, the search
was not numerical*

3. $(\hat{\mu}, \hat{\sigma}^2)$ points) For Question 4 of Assignment 5 (the last question), you analyzed numerical data from a log-normal distribution. In the space below, write the maximum likelihood estimate of the pair (μ, σ^2) . The answer is a set of two numbers. On your printout, circle the numbers and write “Question 3” beside them. The code for the function definition and the numerical search must be shown.

$$(\hat{\mu}, \hat{\sigma}^2) = (-0.02030347, 0.86450968)$$

4. $\hat{\mu}$ points) Still for Question 4 of Assignment 5, you produced a 95% confidence interval for μ . Write the confidence interval in the space below: Just two numbers, a lower limit and an upper limit. On your printout, circle the numbers and write “Question 4” beside them. The code for the numerical search and the confidence interval must be shown.

$$(-0.2296511, 0.1890441)$$

Please attach the printout(s) with your answers to the questions above. Make sure your name and student number are written on the printout(s).

*Accept fewer decimal places of accuracy, except
watch out for last digit on Q2.*

Assignment 5

```
> #####  
> # Answer to Questions 2 and 3  
> #####  
> rm(list=ls()); options(scipen=999)  
> exdata =  
read.table("http://www.utstat.utoronto.ca/brunner/data/legal/expo.data2.txt")  
> head(exdata)  
  
  Time Uncensored  
1 0.179          0  
2 1.024          1  
3 0.189          1  
4 0.345          1  
5 0.977          1  
6 0.241          1  
>  
> Time = exdata$Time; Uncensored = exdata$Uncensored  
>  
> # 2a) MLE  
> lambdahat = sum(Uncensored)/sum(Time); lambdahat  
[1] 1.717107  
  
>  
> # 2b Estimated asymptotic variance  
> vhat = lambdahat^2 / sum(Uncensored); vhat # Estimated asymptotic variance  
[1] 0.07371138  
>  
> # 2c) 95% CI for lambda  
> se = sqrt(vhat); se  
[1] 0.2714984  
  
> lower95 = lambdahat - 1.96*se; upper95 = lambdahat + 1.96*se  
> c(lower95,upper95)  
[1] 1.184970 2.249244  
  
> # 2d) t, Shat(t), lower, upper  
> t = seq(from=0,to=3,by=0.1)  
> Shat = exp(-lambdahat*t)  
> se_Shat = lambdahat*t*exp(-lambdahat*t)/sqrt(sum(Uncensored))  
> Low1 = Shat - 1.96*se_Shat; High1 = Shat + 1.96*se_Shat  
> cbind(t,Shat,Low1,High1)  
  
    t      Shat      Low1      High1  
[1,] 0.0 1.000000000 1.000000000 1.000000000  
[2,] 0.1 0.842222820 0.7974050386 0.88704060  
[3,] 0.2 0.709339279 0.6338461621 0.78483240  
[4,] 0.3 0.597421728 0.5020486893 0.69279477  
[5,] 0.4 0.503162213 0.3960617465 0.61026268  
[6,] 0.5 0.423774698 0.3110216269 0.53652777  
[7,] 0.6 0.356912721 0.2429568699 0.47086857  
[8,] 0.7 0.300600039 0.1886277838 0.41257229  
[9,] 0.8 0.253172212 0.1453943971 0.36095003  
[10,] 0.9 0.213227415 0.1111078623 0.31534697  
[11,] 1.0 0.179584995 0.0840211974 0.27514879  
[12,] 1.1 0.151250581 0.0627159687 0.23978519  
[13,] 1.2 0.127386691 0.0460421046 0.20873128  
[14,] 1.3 0.107287978 0.0330685223 0.18150743  
[15,] 1.4 0.090360383 0.0230426549 0.15767811  
[16,] 1.5 0.076103577 0.0153572979 0.13684986  
[17,] 1.6 0.064096169 0.0095234732 0.11866887
```

```

[18,] 1.7 0.053983256 0.0051482384 0.10281827
[19,] 1.8 0.045465930 0.0019165540 0.08901531
[20,] 1.9 0.038292444 -0.0004235166 0.07700840
[21,] 2.0 0.032250770 -0.0020728777 0.06657442
[22,] 2.1 0.027162335 -0.0031912329 0.05751590
[23,] 2.2 0.022876738 -0.0039050848 0.04965856
[24,] 2.3 0.019267311 -0.0043142362 0.04284886
[25,] 2.4 0.016227369 -0.0044970663 0.03695180
[26,] 2.5 0.013667060 -0.0045148065 0.03184893
[27,] 2.6 0.011510710 -0.0044150004 0.02743642
[28,] 2.7 0.009694583 -0.0042342986 0.02362346
[29,] 2.8 0.008164999 -0.0040007126 0.02033071
[30,] 2.9 0.006876748 -0.0037354286 0.01748893
[31,] 3.0 0.005791754 -0.0034542638 0.01503777

> # 2e Another CI
> me2 = 1.96*lambdahat*t/sqrt(sum(Uncensored))
> Low2 = exp(-lambdahat*t-me2); High2 = exp(-lambdahat*t+me2)
> cbind(t,Shat,Low2,High2)

      t      Shat      Low2      High2
[1,] 0.0 1.000000000 1.000000000 1.000000000
[2,] 0.1 0.842222820 0.798576625 0.88825450
[3,] 0.2 0.709339279 0.637724626 0.78899605
[4,] 0.3 0.597421728 0.509271980 0.70082929
[5,] 0.4 0.503162213 0.406692699 0.62251477
[6,] 0.5 0.423774698 0.324775283 0.55295155
[7,] 0.6 0.356912721 0.259357949 0.49116170
[8,] 0.7 0.300600039 0.207117196 0.43627659
[9,] 0.8 0.253172212 0.165398951 0.38752464
[10,] 0.9 0.213227415 0.132083736 0.34422051
[11,] 1.0 0.179584995 0.105478984 0.30575541
[12,] 1.1 0.151250581 0.084233051 0.27158862
[13,] 1.2 0.127386691 0.067266546 0.24123981
[14,] 1.3 0.107287978 0.053717491 0.21428235
[15,] 1.4 0.090360383 0.042897533 0.19033726
[16,] 1.5 0.076103577 0.034256967 0.16906793
[17,] 1.6 0.064096169 0.027356813 0.15017535
[18,] 1.7 0.053983256 0.021846511 0.13339393
[19,] 1.8 0.045465930 0.017446113 0.11848776
[20,] 1.9 0.038292444 0.013932058 0.10524728
[21,] 2.0 0.032250770 0.011125816 0.09348637
[22,] 2.1 0.027162335 0.008884817 0.08303969
[23,] 2.2 0.022876738 0.007095207 0.07376038
[24,] 2.3 0.019267311 0.005666066 0.06551799
[25,] 2.4 0.016227369 0.004524788 0.05819665
[26,] 2.5 0.013667060 0.003613390 0.05169343
[27,] 2.6 0.011510710 0.002885569 0.04591693
[28,] 2.7 0.009694583 0.002304348 0.04078592
[29,] 2.8 0.008164999 0.001840198 0.03622827
[30,] 2.9 0.006876748 0.001469539 0.03217993
[31,] 3.0 0.005791754 0.001173540 0.02858396

> High1-Low1-High2+Low2 # Which CI is narrower?

[1] 0.00000000000 -0.00004230944 -0.00028519293 -0.00081123554 -0.00162114019
[6] -0.00267012102 -0.00389204572 -0.00521488146 -0.00657005910 -0.00789766404
[11] -0.00914883327 -0.01028634487 -0.01128409536 -0.01212594693 -0.01280427099
[16] -0.01331840286 -0.01367314243 -0.01387738031 -0.01394289016 -0.01388330265
[21] -0.01371325981 -0.01344773846 -0.01310152574 -0.01268882739 -0.01222298886
[26] -0.01171630989 -0.01117993511 -0.01062380468 -0.01005665147 -0.00948603291
[31] -0.00891838797

> # Delta method CI is consistently narrower. Could truncate.

```

```

> # 3a) Numerical MLE
>
> mloglike = function(lambda,t,delta)
+   { lambda*sum(t)-log(lambda)*sum(delta) }
> search = optim(par=1, fn=mloglike, t=Time,delta=Uncensored,
+                 hessian=TRUE, lower=0, method='L-BFGS-B' )
> search

```

\$par
[1] 1.717107

Question 1

\$value
[1] 18.37437

\$counts
function gradient
7 7

\$convergence
[1] 0

\$message
[1] "CONVERGENCE: REL_REDUCTION_OF_F <= FACTR*EPSMCH"

\$hessian
[,1]
[1,] 13.56643

```

> c(lambda,search$par)
[1] 1.717107 1.717107

```

> # 3b) Numerical estimated asymptotic variance

> vhat2 = 1/search\$hessian

> c(vhat,vhat2)

[1] 0.07371138 0.07371135

Question 2

> # Now 2023 HW problem 4

>

> rm(list=ls()); options(scipen=999)

> LN =

read.table("https://www.utstat.toronto.edu/~brunner/data/legal/lognorm1.data.txt")
> head(LN); dim(LN)

	Time	Uncensored
1	0.30	0
2	0.75	0
3	1.13	0
4	0.12	0
5	0.24	0
6	0.35	0
	150	2

```

> Time = LN$Time; Uncensored = LN$Uncensored # Avoiding the attach() function
>

```

```

> # 4a) MLE
>
> mloglike = function(theta,t,delta)
+   { # Minus log likelihood function for log-normal
+     mu = theta[1]; sigmasq = theta[2]
+     # logf and logS will be of length n
+     logf = dlnorm(t, meanlog=mu, sdlog=sqrt(sigmasq), log=TRUE)
+     logS = plnorm(t, meanlog=mu, sdlog=sqrt(sigmasq), lower.tail=FALSE,
log.p=TRUE)
+     value = -sum(logf*delta) - sum(logS*(1-delta))
+     return(value)
+   } # End of function mloglike
>

> # Starting values
> mu0 = mean(log(Time)); mu0
[1] -0.8743454

> sigsq0 = var(log(Time)); sigsq0
[1] 1.066362

>
> startvals = c(mu0,sigsq0)
>
> search1 = optim(par=startvals, fn=mloglike, t=Time,delta=Uncensored,
+                   hessian=TRUE, lower=c(-Inf,0), method='L-BFGS-B')
>
> search1
$par
[1] -0.02030347  0.86450968

$value
[1] 77.49325

$counts
function gradient
      9          9

$convergence
[1] 0

$message
[1] "CONVERGENCE: REL_REDUCTION_OF_F <= FACTR*EPSMCH"

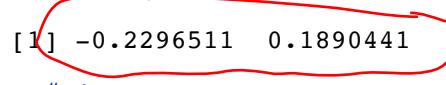
$hessian
[,1]      [,2]
[1,] 108.1041 -31.82310
[2,] -31.8231  49.52318

> muhat = search1$par[1]; sigsqhat = search1$par[2]
> c(muhat,sigsqhat)
[1] -0.02030347  0.86450968
> # 4b)
> Vhat = solve(search1$hessian); Vhat
[,1]      [,2]
[1,] 0.011408375 0.007330907
[2,] 0.007330907 0.024903330
>

```

Question 3

```
> # 4c) CI for mu
>
> se = sqrt(Vhat[1,1]); se
[1] 0.10681

> CI = c(muhat-1.96*se, muhat + 1.96*se) ; CI
[1] -0.2296511  0.1890441

Question 4

> # 4e)
> CImed = exp(CI); CImed
[1] 0.7948109 1.2080943
```

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