## Sample Questions: Log-Normal Regression

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1. Let the continuous random variable T have median m. Let Y = g(T), where g(x) is an increasing function. Show that the median of Y is g(m). This is why the median of a log-normal is  $e^{\mu}$ .

2. Show that the expected value of a log-normal is  $e^{\mu + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2}$ . Hint: the moment-generating function of a normal random variable is  $e^{\mu t + \frac{1}{2}\sigma^2 t^2}$ .

3. Write the log-normal regression model in multiplicative form.

4. For a log-normal regression model, show that if  $x_{i,k}$  is increased by c units,  $E(t_i)$  is multiplied by  $e^{c\beta_k}$ .

- 5. If  $x_{i,k}$  is increased by one unit, the median of  $t_i$  is multiplied by \_\_\_\_\_.
- 6. If  $x_{i,k}$  is increased by one unit, the *value* of  $t_i$  is multiplied by \_\_\_\_\_.

7. Write the hazard function of a log-normal regression model in terms of  $\Phi(x)$ , the cumulative distribution function of a standard normal. Is this a proportional hazards model?

8. Show that in general, if  $\widehat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_n \sim N_k(\boldsymbol{\theta}, \mathbf{V}_n)$  and **a** is a non-zero  $k \times 1$  vector of constants, then  $W = \mathbf{a}^\top \widehat{\boldsymbol{\theta}}_n \sim N(\mathbf{a}^\top \boldsymbol{\theta}, \mathbf{a}^\top \mathbf{V}_n \mathbf{a})$ .

- 9. What is the parameter vector  $\boldsymbol{\theta}$  for a log-normal regression model with p-1 explanatory variables?
- 10. For a log-normal regression model, let  $\mathbf{x}_{n+1}$  be a  $p \times 1$  vector of explanatory variable values, maybe starting with a 1 for the intercept. A new observation (log failure time) could be written  $y_{n+1} = \mathbf{x}^{\top} \boldsymbol{\beta} + \epsilon_{n+1}$ , where  $\epsilon_{n+1} \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$ , and  $\epsilon_{n+1}$  is independent of  $\epsilon_1, \ldots, \epsilon_n$ . It is natural to predict the value of  $y_{n+1}$  with the estimated expected value, so  $\hat{y}_{n+1} = \mathbf{x}^{\top} \hat{\boldsymbol{\beta}}$ .

Let  $\mathbf{V}_n$  denote the  $(p+1) \times (p+1)$  asymptotic covariance matrix of the parameter vector. What is the asymptotic distribution of  $\hat{y}_{n+1}$ ?

11. What is the asymptotic distribution of the error in prediction  $y_{n+1} - \hat{y}_{n+1}$ ? Justify your answer; include calculation of the expected value and variance.

12. What is the standard error of  $y_{n+1} - \hat{y}_{n+1}$ . Remember, a standard error is an *estimated* standard deviation, something that can be computed from sample data.

13. Dividing  $y_{n+1} - \hat{y}_{n+1}$  by its standard error, obtain a Z statistic. What is the asymptotic distribution of Z?

14. Use the Z statistic to obtain a 95% prediction interval for  $y_{n+1}$ .

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http://www.utstat.toronto.edu/brunner/oldclass/312f23