

# The Simple Double Example

```
> rm(list=ls()); options(scipen=999)
> babydouble =
read.table("http://www.utstat.toronto.edu/~brunner/openSEM/data/Babydouble.data.txt")
> dim(babydouble)
[1] 150    3

> head(babydouble)
   W1     W2      Y
1 9.94 12.24 15.23
2 12.42 11.32 14.55
3 10.43 10.40 12.40
4  9.07  9.85 17.09
5 11.04 11.98 16.83
6 10.40 10.85 15.04

> summary(babydouble)
   W1            W2            Y
Min. : 6.190  Min. : 6.76  Min. : 3.98
1st Qu.: 8.932 1st Qu.: 9.11  1st Qu.:10.97
Median : 9.720 Median :10.05 Median :13.22
Mean   : 9.809 Mean  :10.06 Mean  :13.10
3rd Qu.:10.655 3rd Qu.:10.99 3rd Qu.:15.46
Max.   :12.830 Max.  :13.57 Max.  :21.62

> cor(babydouble)
   W1        W2        Y
W1 1.0000000 0.5748331 0.1714324
W2 0.5748331 1.0000000 0.1791539
Y   0.1714324 0.1791539 1.0000000

>
> # Try ordinary least squares
>
> model1 = lm(Y ~ W1 + W2, data = babydouble); summary(model1)

Call:
lm(formula = Y ~ W1 + W2, data = babydouble)

Residuals:
    Min      1Q  Median      3Q      Max 
-7.6793 -2.3881 -0.1321  2.3420  7.6915 

Coefficients:
            Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)    
(Intercept) 7.9695    2.1153   3.768 0.000238 ***
W1          0.2361    0.2282   1.035 0.302538    
W2          0.2802    0.2300   1.218 0.225009    
---
Signif. codes:  0 ‘***’ 0.001 ‘**’ 0.01 ‘*’ 0.05 ‘.’ 0.1 ‘ ’ 1
```

Residual standard error: 3.182 on 147 degrees of freedom  
Multiple R-squared: 0.03909, Adjusted R-squared: 0.02602  
F-statistic: 2.99 on 2 and 147 DF, p-value: 0.05334

```

>
> # install.packages("lavaan", dependencies = TRUE)
> library(lavaan)
This is lavaan 0.5-23.1097
lavaan is BETA software! Please report any bugs.
>
> # The model string
> dmodel1 = 'Y ~ bet1*X'          # Latent variable model (even though Y is
observed)
+           X =~ 1*W1 + 1*W2    # Measurement model
+           # Variances (covariances would go here too)
+           X~~phi*X        # Var(X) = phi
+           Y~~psi*Y        # Var(epsilon) = psi
+           W1~~omegal*W1   # Var(e1) = omegal
+           W2~~omega2*W2   # Var(e2) = omega2
+
>
> dfit1 = lavaan(dmodel1, data=babydouble)
>
> summary(dfit1)
lavaan (0.5-23.1097) converged normally after 23 iterations

Number of observations                      150
Estimator                                    ML
Minimum Function Test Statistic            0.007
Degrees of freedom                           1
P-value (Chi-square)                       0.933

Parameter Estimates:

Information                                Expected
Standard Errors                            Standard

Latent Variables:
              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z| )
X =~
  W1          1.000
  W2          1.000

Regressions:
              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z| )
Y ~
  X      (bet1)    0.707    0.290    2.442    0.015

Variances:
              Estimate  Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z| )
X      (phi)     1.104    0.181    6.104    0.000
.Y      (psi)     9.775    1.153    8.481    0.000
.W1    (omg1)     0.834    0.158    5.265    0.000
.W2    (omg2)     0.800    0.156    5.123    0.000

>
```

```

> parameterEstimates(dfit1)
   lhs op rhs label   est     se      z pvalue ci.lower ci.upper
1  Y ~ X betal  0.707 0.290  2.442  0.015   0.140   1.275
2  X =~ W1          1.000 0.000    NA     NA   1.000   1.000
3  X =~ W2          1.000 0.000    NA     NA   1.000   1.000
4  X ~~ X   phi  1.104 0.181  6.104  0.000   0.750   1.459
5  Y ~~ Y   psi  9.775 1.153  8.481  0.000   7.516  12.034
6  W1 ~~ W1 omega1 0.834 0.158  5.265  0.000   0.524   1.145
7  W2 ~~ W2 omega2 0.800 0.156  5.123  0.000   0.494   1.105

> parTable(dfit1)
  id lhs op rhs user block group free ustart exo  label plabel start   est     se
1  1  Y ~ X   1    1    1    1    NA   0 betal .p1. 0.000 0.707 0.290
2  2  X =~ W1  1    1    1    0    1   0          .p2. 1.000 1.000 0.000
3  3  X =~ W2  1    1    1    0    1   0          .p3. 1.000 1.000 0.000
4  4  X ~~ X   1    1    1    2    NA   0 phi   .p4. 0.050 1.104 0.181
5  5  Y ~~ Y   1    1    1    3    NA   0 psi   .p5. 5.164 9.775 1.153
6  6  W1 ~~ W1  1    1    1    4    NA   0 omega1 .p6. 0.968 0.834 0.158
7  7  W2 ~~ W2  1    1    1    5    NA   0 omega2 .p7. 0.953 0.800 0.156
> fitted(dfit1) # Sigma(thetahat)
$cov
      W1      W2      Y
W1  1.939
W2  1.104  1.904
Y   0.781  0.781 10.327

$mean
W1 W2  Y
0  0  0

> logLik(dfit1)
'log Lik.' -878.512 (df=5)

>
> # Fit a restricted model (restricted by H0)
> dfit1r = lavaan(dmodell, data=babydouble, constraints = 'omegal==omega2')
> anova(dfit1r,dfit1)
Chi Square Difference Test

      Df  AIC    BIC Chisq Chisq diff Df diff Pr(>Chisq)
dfit1   1 1767 1782.1 0.0071
dfit1r  2 1765 1777.1 0.0262    0.019189      1     0.8898

> # Put multiple constraints on separate lines, like this.
> dfit1r2 = lavaan(dmodell, data=babydouble, constraints = 'omegal==omega2'
+                      'phi==1')
> anova(dfit1r2,dfit1)
Chi Square Difference Test

      Df  AIC    BIC Chisq Chisq diff Df diff Pr(>Chisq)
dfit1   1 1767.0 1782.1 0.0071
dfit1r2  3 1763.4 1772.4 0.3868    0.37978      2     0.8271

>
>
> # For Wald tests: Wtest = function(L,Tn,Vn,h=0) # H0: L theta = h
> source("http://www.utstat.utoronto.ca/~brunner/Rfunctions/Wtest.txt")
> LL = cbind(0,0,0,1,-1); LL
  [,1] [,2] [,3] [,4] [,5]
[1,]    0    0    0    1   -1
> Wtest(LL,coef(dfit1),vcov(dfit1))
      W      df   p-value
0.01918586 1.00000000 0.88983498

```



```

>
> # Non-linear functions of the parameters with :=
> dmodel1b = 'Y ~ beta1*X          # Latent variable model
+           X == 1*W1 + 1*W2      # Measurement model
+           # Variances (covariances would go here too)
+           X~~phi*X        # Var(X) = phi
+           Y~~psi*Y        # Var(epsilon) = psi
+           W1~~omegal*W1 # Var(e1) = omegal
+           W2~~omega2*W2 # Var(e2) = omega2
+           diff := omegal-omega2
+           rel1 := omegal/(omegal+phi)
+
> dfit1b = lavaan(dmodel1b, data=babydouble)
> parameterEstimates(dfit1b)
   lhs op            rhs  label    est     se    z pvalue ci.lower ci.upper
1   Y ~             X  beta1 0.707 0.290 2.442  0.015  0.140  1.275
2   X ==            W1          1.000 0.000  NA     NA     1.000  1.000
3   X ==            W2          1.000 0.000  NA     NA     1.000  1.000
4   X ~~            X  phi   1.104 0.181 6.104  0.000  0.750  1.459
5   Y ~~            Y  psi   9.775 1.153 8.481  0.000  7.516 12.034
6   W1 ~~           W1 omegal 0.834 0.158 5.265  0.000  0.524  1.145
7   W2 ~~           W2 omega2 0.800 0.156 5.123  0.000  0.494  1.105
8 diff :=          omegal-omega2 diff  0.035 0.252 0.139  0.890 -0.458  0.528
9 rel1 :=          omegal/(omegal+phi) rel1 0.430 0.066 6.540  0.000  0.301  0.559
> sqrt(0.01918586) # Z = sqrt(W)
[1] 0.138513
>
> # Fitting non-identified models
> # Maybe just the first one ...
>
> dmodel2 = 'Y ~ beta1*X          # Latent variable model
+           X == lambda1*W1 + lambda2*W2      # Measurement model
+           # Variances (covariances would go here too)
+           X~~phi*X        # Var(X) = phi
+           Y~~psi*Y        # Var(epsilon) = psi
+           W1~~omegal*W1 # Var(e1) = omegal
+           W2~~omega2*W2 # Var(e2) = omega2
+
> dfit2 = lavaan(dmodel2, data=babydouble)
Warning message:
In lav_model_vcov(lavmodel = lavmodel, lavsamplestats = lavsamplestats, :
  lavaan WARNING: could not compute standard errors!
  lavaan NOTE: this may be a symptom that the model is not identified.

```

```

> summary(dfit2)
lavaan (0.5-23.1097) converged normally after  25 iterations

Number of observations                           150
Estimator                                         ML
Minimum Function Test Statistic                  NA
Degrees of freedom                                -1

Parameter Estimates:

Information                                         Expected
Standard Errors                                     Standard

Latent Variables:
              Estimate   Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z| )
X =~
  W1      (lmb1)    1.022     NA
  W2      (lmb2)    1.060     NA

Regressions:
              Estimate   Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z| )
Y ~
  X       (bet1)    0.736     NA

Variances:
              Estimate   Std.Err  z-value  P(>|z| )
X       (phi)     1.019     NA
.Y      (psi)     9.776     NA
.W1     (omg1)    0.871     NA
.W2     (omg2)    0.761     NA

>
>
>
>
> # dmodel3 passes the parameter count rule, but its parameters are not
identifiable.
> dmodel3 = 'Y ~ beta1*X                               # Latent variable model
+           X =~ lambda1*W1 + lambda2*W2      # Measurement model
+           X~~phi*X      # Var(X) = phi
+           Y~~psi*Y      # Var(epsilon) = psi
+           W1~~omega*W1 # Var(e1) = omega
+           W2~~omega*W2 # Var(e2) = omega
+
> dfit3 = lavaan(dmodel3, data=babydouble)
> summary(dfit3)

```

lavaan (0.5-23.1097) converged normally after 19 iterations

Number of observations	150
Estimator	ML
Minimum Function Test Statistic	0.014
Degrees of freedom	0
Minimum Function Value	0.0000466299101

Parameter Estimates:

Information	Expected
Standard Errors	Standard

Latent Variables:

		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )
X ==					
W1	(lmb1)	1.048	0.089	11.797	0.000
W2	(lmb2)	1.034	0.089	11.658	0.000

Regressions:

		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )
Y ~					
X	(bet1)	0.736	0.275	2.671	0.008

Variances:

		Estimate	Std.Err	z-value	P(> z )
x	(phi)	1.019	0.087	11.713	0.000
.Y	(psi)	9.776	1.153	8.481	0.000
.W1	(omeg)	0.817	0.094	8.660	0.000
.W2	(omeg)	0.817	0.094	8.660	0.000

## Is it really okay?

$$W_{i,1} = \lambda_1 X_i + e_{i,1}$$

$$W_{i,2} = \lambda_2 X_i + e_{i,2}$$

$$Y_i = \beta_1 X_i + \epsilon_i,$$

$$\Sigma = \begin{pmatrix} \sigma_{11} & \sigma_{12} & \sigma_{13} \\ \sigma_{21} & \sigma_{22} & \sigma_{23} \\ & \sigma_{31} & \sigma_{33} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \lambda_1^2 \phi + \omega & \lambda_1 \lambda_2 \phi & \lambda_1 \beta_1 \phi \\ & \lambda_2^2 \phi + \omega & \lambda_2 \beta_1 \phi \\ & & \beta_1^2 \phi + \psi \end{pmatrix}$$

$\theta_1$	$\lambda_1$	$\lambda_2$	$\beta_1$	$\phi$	$\omega$	$\psi$
$\theta_c$	$c\lambda_1$	$c\lambda_2$	$c\beta_1$	$\frac{\phi}{c^2}$	$\omega$	$\psi$

```

> V = vcov(dfit3) ; det(V)
[1] 0.0000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000000001801361
> H = solve(V)
Error in solve.default(V) :
  system is computationally singular: reciprocal condition number = 1.95535e-19
>

>
> # Start the search at another minimum, right in the river
>
> c = -2
> thetac = coef(dfit3); thetac
  beta1 lambda1 lambda2      phi      psi     omega     omega
  0.736   1.048   1.034   1.019   9.776   0.817   0.817
> thetac[1] = c*thetac[1]; thetac[2] = c*thetac[2]; thetac[3] = c*thetac[3]
> thetac[4] = thetac[4]/c^2
> cat(thetac)
-1.471502 -2.095291 -2.068575  0.2548175  9.775661  0.816833  0.816833
>
>
> dmodel3b = 'y ~ beta1*x + start(-1.471502)*x
+           X == lambda1*w1 + start(-2.095291)*w1 +
+           lambda2*w2 + start(-2.068575)*w2
+           # Variances (covariances would go here too)
+           X~~phi*X + start(0.2548175)*X      # Var(X) = phi
+           Y~~psi*Y + start(9.775661)*Y      # Var(epsilon) = psi
+           W1~~omega*w1 + start(0.816833)*w1 # Var(e1) = omega
+           W2~~omega*w2 + start(0.816833)*w2 # Var(e2) = omega
+
> dfit3b = lavaan(dmodel3b, data=babydouble)
> show(dfit3b)
lavaan (0.5-23.1097) converged normally after  2 iterations

Number of observations                               150

Estimator                                         ML
Minimum Function Test Statistic                 0.014
Degrees of freedom                                0
Minimum Function Value                          0.0000466299101
> rbind(thetac,coef(dfit3b))
  beta1 lambda1 lambda2      phi      psi     omega     omega
thetac -1.471502 -2.095291 -2.068575  0.2548175  9.775661  0.816833
                    -1.471502 -2.095291 -2.068575  0.2548175  9.775661  0.816833
> rbind(coef(dfit3),coef(dfit3b))
  beta1 lambda1 lambda2      phi      psi     omega     omega
[1,]  0.7357509  1.047646  1.034288  1.0192699  9.775661  0.816833  0.816833
[2,] -1.4715020 -2.095291 -2.068575  0.2548175  9.775661  0.816833  0.816833
> c(logLik(dfit3), logLik(dfit3b) )
[1] -878.5155 -878.5155

```

```
> # Start the search at another place, close to the river
```

$\theta_1$	$\lambda_1$	$\lambda_2$	$\beta_1$	$\phi$	$\omega$	$\psi$
$\theta_c$	$c\lambda_1$	$c\lambda_2$	$c\beta_1$	$\frac{\phi}{c^2}$	$\omega$	$\psi$

```
>
> dmodel3c = 'Y ~ beta1*X + start(6)*X
+           X =~ lambda1*W1 + start(8)*W1 +
+           lambda2*W2 + start(8)*W2
+           # Variances (covariances would go here too)
+           X~~phi*X + start(1/64)*X      # Var(X) = phi
+           Y~~psi*Y      # Var(epsilon) = psi
+           W1~~omega*W1    # Var(e1) = omega
+           W2~~omega*W2    # Var(e2) = omega
+
> dfit3c = lavaan(dmodel3c, data=babydouble)
> # show(dfit3c)
> rbind( coef(dfit3), coef(dfit3b), coef(dfit3c) )
      beta1   lambda1   lambda2      phi      psi     omega     omega
[1,]  0.7357509  1.047646  1.034288  1.0192699  9.775661  0.816833  0.816833
[2,] -1.4715020 -2.095291 -2.068575  0.2548175  9.775661  0.816833  0.816833
[3,]  5.7803725  8.230750  8.125805  0.0165135  9.775661  0.816833  0.816833
> c( logLik(dfit3), logLik(dfit3b), logLik(dfit3c) )
[1] -878.5155 -878.5155 -878.5155
>
> parTable(dfit3c)
   id  lhs op  rhs user block group free ustart exo   label plabel start    est     se
1  1   Y  ~   X    1     1     1    1  6.000  0  beta1 .p1.  6.000 5.780 1.895
2  2   X =~  W1    1     1     1    2  8.000  0 lambda1 .p2.  8.000 8.231 0.822
3  3   X =~  W2    1     1     1    3  8.000  0 lambda2 .p3.  8.000 8.126 0.819
4  4   X ~~   X    1     1     1    4  0.016  0     phi   .p4.  0.016 0.017 0.004
5  5   Y ~~   Y    1     1     1    5    NA  0     psi   .p5.  5.164 9.776 1.153
6  6   W1 ~~  W1    1     1     1    6    NA  0     omega .p6.  0.968 0.817 0.094
7  7   W2 ~~  W2    1     1     1    7    NA  0     omega .p7.  0.953 0.817 0.094
8  8 .p6. == .p7.  2     0     0     0    NA  0               0.000 0.000 0.000
```

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<http://www.utstat.toronto.edu/~brunner/oldclass/2101f19>